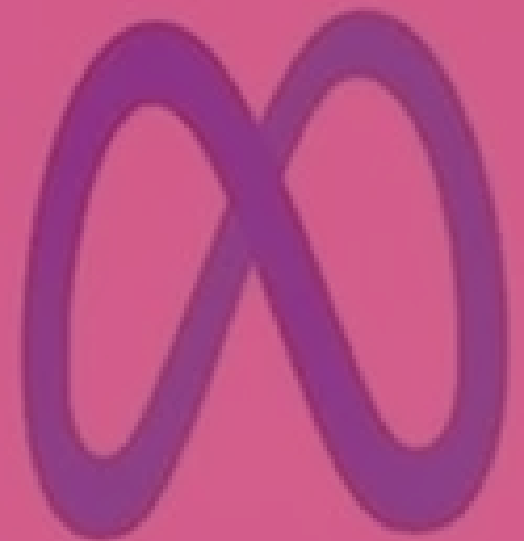




349 violations against Palestinian Digital Rights

November 2024





Ongoing Censorship of Palestinian Content

Incidents of digital violations against Palestinians have persisted, primarily stemming from actions emanating from social media companies. Throughout the month of November, 7amleh meticulously documented a total of 349 violations. These encompassed 66 instances of censorship, and 283 cases involving the dissemination of violent and harmful content and behaviors within the digital realm.



- Accounts suspension and restriction
- Hate speech, misleading information, and others



Among the various forms of censorship of Palestinian content, the most imposed measures are account suspensions and restrictions

A range of punitive actions enforced upon Palestinian accounts exhibited a varied distribution across different social media platforms. Notably, the foremost repercussion involved the suspension of accounts, totaling 26 violations. Subsequently, there were 15 instances of account restrictions observed over the past month. Content removal was identified as a penalty in 19 cases. Furthermore, 3 cases of warning were recorded. The remaining forms of penalties accounted for a collective total of 3 violations.





Among the forms of digitally harmful content and practices, most are in the form of hate speech and incitement

7amleh recorded a total of 283 instances of inflammatory content, predominantly originating from Israeli users. Most prominent was inciting content, with 108 instances. This was followed by 161 instances of hate speech. Furthermore, there were 4 false accusations/instances of smearing. Additionally, a combined total of 4 violations involved account hacking and blackmail. Misinformation on social media constituted further 6 violations.





Meta accounted for more Censorship and Spread of Harmful Content than any other Social Media Company

7amleh meticulously tracked and recorded violations and harmful content across diverse social media platforms. Among these, Meta, encompassing its three primary platforms, was responsible for a significant portion, with 156 violations. Within this category, Facebook constituted 33 violations, Instagram contributed 123. Alongside these findings, 7amleh documented 134 violations on X, 16 on TikTok, 39 on Telegram, one on Snapchat and 1 on YouTube. The remaining platforms collectively accounted for 2 violations.



1



39



156



134



16



1

Others

2



The majority of pages and accounts that were subjected to violations belong to personal accounts

In the last month, personal accounts (profiles) faced 47 instances of content takedown or suspension/restriction, while pages encountered 15 violations, and channels and other account types experienced 4 violations. In terms of harmful content such as hate speech, violence, and harmful digital behaviors, there were 271 instances posted by personal accounts (profiles), and 11 instances posted by pages, while the other one instance was posted by a group.





AI language model

7amleh's AI language model has successfully detected 824,995 of violent and hateful content in the Hebrew language across various social media platforms during the reporting period. This content specifically targets Palestinians and advocates for Palestinian rights.





Digital violations In Jerusalem

Of all the violations of Palestinian digital rights, 7amleh documented one digital violation in the city of Jerusalem.

Source: 7or - The Palestinian Observatory of Digital Rights Violations

If you encounter any violations, report to: 7or.7amleh.org



Report now to
7or.7amleh.org

حملة - المركز العربي
لتطوير الإعلام الاجتماعي
7amleh - The Arab Center for
the Advancement of Social Media

